COPERNICUS OLYMPIAD Physics and Astronomy Discipline Category 1 - Sample Questions

- 1. Which measures the change in the position of an object?
 - A. Displacement
 - B. Distance
 - C. Speed
 - D. Time
- 2. Refer to the given diagram below.



What is the total distance covered by the boy if he cycles from point A to B, then to C, and back to A? 4 m

B. 7 m

Α.

- C. 10 m
- D. 12 m
- **3.** An object moves along the grid through points A, B, C, D, E, and F as shown below. The side of square tiles measures 0.5 km.

E

D

٩F

С

В

What is the magnitude of the displacement of the object?

A

- A. 2.5 km
- B. 4.5 km
- C. 6.5 km
- D. 8.5 km
- 4. What does it mean when an object is decelerating?
- A. The object is speeding up.
- B. The acceleration is positive.
- C. The magnitude of the velocity is decreasing.
- D. The acceleration and velocity point are in the same direction.

- 5. Which of the following substances is a magnetic metal used in making blue paint and jet engines?
- A. Cobalt
- B. Copper
- C. Nickel D. Steel
- 6. Jonathan places four ring magnets A, B, C, and D onto a wooden stand as shown in the image below.



If he wants the four ring magnets to be attracted to each other, which magnet should he flip?

- A. Magnet A
- B. Magnet B
- C. Magnet C
- D. Magnet D
- 7. What is the primary difference between a scalar quantity and a vector quantity?
- A. A vector is just a scalar with direction.
- B. A vector can be either positive or negative while a scalar is always positive.
- C. A scalar is described by both magnitude and direction while a vector is described by magnitude alone.
- D. A vector is described by both magnitude and direction while a scalar is described by magnitude alone.

8. Which vector has a larger magnitude?

Vector A

Vector B

- A. Vector A since it is longer than vector B
- B. Vector B since it is shorter than vector A
- C. Vector A since it points on the positive direction
- D. Vector B since it points on the negative direction

9. Consider the graph below.



2

What is the position of the object at t = 6s?

- A. 0 m
- B. 3 m C. 6 m
- D. 9 m

10. Refer to the position-time graph below.



What is the displacement of the object during the entire 9s interval?

- A. 0 m
- B. 3 m
- C. 6 m D. 9 m
- **11.** Which of the following statements correctly describes a rope stretched horizontally before moving it up and down?
- A. The rope is vibrating.
- B. The rope is transferring energy.
- C. The rope is creating a disturbance.
- D. The rope is at an equilibrium position.

12. Which pair correctly represents one wavelength?



3

- A. Point G to point O
- B. Point I to point M
- C. Point A to point D
- D. Point E to point G

13. Which of the following statements are true about the waves below?





- (1) Wave Z has larger amplitude than wave Y.
- (2) Wave Z and Y have the same wavelength.
- (3) Wave Z has greater number of crests and troughs than wave Y.
- (4) Wave Z is a transverse wave while wave Y is a longitudinal wave.
- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 1 and 4 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 3 and 4 only
- **14.** If the velocity of a particular wave is constant, what happens to its frequency when wavelength is doubled?
- A. It is tripled.
- B. It is halved.
- C. It is doubled.
- D. It remains the same.
- **15.** A raw egg starts to fry as it hits a heated frying pan. What heat transfer method is evident in this situation?



- A. Conduction
- B. Convection
- C. Insulation
- D. Radiation



16. Consider the following circuit.



What type of connection is Bulb A associated with Bulb B?

- **17.** Two identical bulbs are connected in series with a 120 V source. If each bulb has a resistance of 90 Ω, how much is the current flowing in each of it?
- A. 0.25 A
- B. 0.33 A
- C. 0.67 A
- D. 1.00 A

18. The figure below shows the motion of an object moving in a uniform circular motion.

What is the direction of its velocity at point P?

- A. ↑ B. ← C. – D. ↓
- **19.** What is the angle of the tilt of Earth's axis?
- A. 9º
- B. 21.7º
- C. 23.5°
- D. 25.4º

20. Which of the following statements describes the heliocentric model of the universe?

- A. The sun rotates around the Earth.
- B. Earth is the center of the universe.
- C. The sun is the center of the universe.
- D. The sun and Earth are fixed points in the universe.
- **21.** How does each type of star compare to others based on size? Arrange the stars from smallest to the biggest.
- (1) Giant
- (2) Neutron star
- (3) White dwarf

- (4) Supergiant
- A. $1 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 4$ B. $2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4$
- C. $2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 4$
- D. $4 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2$
- 22. How many constellations are recognized by the International Astronomical Union?
- A. 48
- B. 75
- C. 88
- D. 109

23. What asterism is found in the Ursa Major constellation?



- A. Aquila
- B. Big Dipper
- C. Little Dipper
- D. Scorpius
- **24.** Which part of the sun is **not** visible in the photo below?



- A. Chromosphere
- B. Corona
- C. Hydrogen core
- D. Photosphere

25. Which of the following statements best explains why it is warmer at the equator than at the North Pole?

- A. The equator has a larger area than the North Pole.
- B. The equator is closer to the Sun than the North Pole.
- C. The equator receives more direct sunlight than the North Pole.
- D. The equator has more hours of daylight per year than the North Pole.
- **26.** Four children were asked to arrange forces due to rolling, static and sliding frictions in an increasing order. Their arrangements are given below. Choose the correct arrangement.

- A. Rolling, Static, Sliding
- B. Static, Rolling, Sliding
- C. Rolling, Sliding, Static
- D. Sliding, Static, Rolling
- **27.** The ball was moving at a constant speed and the images were taken at a constant rate of 10 per second.

15 m



- What is the speed of the ball?
- A. 30 m/s
- B. 20 m/s
- C. 45 m/s
- D. 15 m/s
- 28. The temperature at which no more energy can be removed from matter is called?
- A. Absolute zero
- B. Boiling point
- C. 32° F
- D. 32º C
- 29. Which of the following exert pressure?
- A. Solids
- B. Liquids
- C. Gases
- D. All of the above.
- **30.** The atmospheric pressure is due to the?
- A. Sky above our head.
- B. Air mass surrounding Earth.
- C. Gravitational force of sun and other planets.
- D. Mass of the Earth.

31. In the given velocity-time graph, AB shows that the body has



- C. Uniform velocity throughout its motion and has zero initial velocity.
- D. None of these.
- 32. Which of the following minimizes the transference of heat in a thermos flask?
- Conduction (1)
- (2) Convection
- (3)Radiation
- 2 and 3 Α.
- Β. 1 and 2
- C. 1, 2, and 3
- 1 and 3 D.
- 33. If a body moves with uniform velocity, then
- Its initial velocity is zero. Α.
- Its final velocity is zero. В.
- Its acceleration is non-zero. C.
- D. Its change in velocity is zero.
- 34. A car traveling with a speed of 20 km/hr comes into rest in 0.5 hrs. What will be the value of its retardation in km/hr2?
- 40 A.
- 50 Β.
- С. 34 32

D.

35. A body moves with uniform velocity. Which of the graphs shown here is a graph of velocity against time for this motion?



- D. Time
- 36. The increase in area of the solid on heating is called what?
- Superficial expansion Α.
- Linear expansion Β.
- Cubical expansion C.
- Quadra expansion D.
- 37. A plane mirror is inclined at 400 to the floor. An incident ray parallel to the floor strikes the mirror and a reflected ray is formed.





What is the angle of reflection?

- A. 40°B. 50°
- B. 50°C. 60°
- D. 70°
- D. 70

38. When a glass rod is rubbed with a piece of silk cloth, the rod

- A. And the cloth both acquire positive charge.
- B. Becomes positively charged while the cloth has a negative charge.
- C. And the cloth both acquire negative charge.
- D. Becomes negatively charged while the cloth has a negative charge.
- **39.** Arrange the following planets in increasing order of time required to complete one revolution around Sun.

40°

- (1) Earth
- (2) Uranus
- (3) Mars
- (4) Jupiter
- A. 1, 2, 3, 4
- B. 1, 3, 4, 2C. 4, 3, 2, 1
- D. 2, 3, 1, 4

A. 1 B. 2

C. 3

D. 4

- 40. When you heat a system, its temperature _____ depending on the heat.
- A. Always increases
- B. Sometimes decreases
- C. May stay the same
- D. Always goes up or down

41. Choose the alternative which is closely resembles the mirror image of the given combination.

21QE42MA ANS43Q12 (2) 21Q34SNA (1) SNA34Q21 (4) 12Q43ANS (E)

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- 42. A temperature at which the substance burns is called what?
- A. Melting
- B. Boiling temperature
- C. Kindling temperature
- D. Evaporation
- 43. During the formation of rain, when water vapours change back to liquid in the form of rain drops,
- A. Heat is absorbed.
- B. Heat is released.
- C. Heat is first absorbed and then released.
- D. There is no exchange of heat.
- **44.** A negatively charged rod is brought close to two metal spheres which are in contact with each other, and the spheres are separated in the presence of the rod. Then,
- A. The sphere close to the rod acquires a negative charge and the other sphere acquires a positive charge.
- **B.** The sphere close to the rod acquires a positive charge and the other sphere acquires a negative charge.
- C. Both the spheres will acquire positive charge.
- D. Both the spheres will acquire negative charge.
- 45. Wind currents are generated due to
- A. Shape of the Earth
- B. Change in atmospheric pressure
- C. Thunderstorm
- D. Cyclone
- 46. The amount of heat energy produced on complete combustion of 1 kg of a fuel is called
- A. Calorific value
- B. Significant value
- C. Heat value
- D. Internal energy
- 47. Name the process in which a solid directly changes into gas on heating.
- A. Vapourism
- B. Condensation
- C. Sublimation
- D. Deposition
- 48. Acid rain contains mainly
- A. Oxygen and nitrogen gas
- B. Fluorine and chlorine gas
- C. Magnesium oxide
- D. Nitrogen oxide and sulphur dioxide
- 49. Observe the figure given below.



The time period of a simple pendulum is the time taken by it to travel from

- A. A to B and back to A
- B. O to A, A to B, and B to A

- C. B to A, A to B, and B to O
- D. A to B

50. A simple pendulum takes 42 sec. to complete 20 oscillations. What is its time period?

- A. 2.1 s
- B. 4.2 s
- C. 21 s
- D. 8.40 s
- **51.** The hearing range of human ear is
- A. 20 Hz to 20,000 Hz
- B. Less than 20 Hz
- C. More than 20,000 Hz
- D. 20 Hz to 25,000 Hz

52. 1 Hertz is equal to

- A. 1 vibration per minute
- B. 10 vibrations per minute
- C. 60 vibrations per minute
- D. 600 vibrations per minute
- **53.** Michael walks to his school which is at a distance of 3 km from his home in 30 minutes. On reaching he finds that the school is closed and comes back by a bicycle with his friend and reaches home in 20 minutes. His average speed in km/h is
- A. 8.3
- B. 7.2
- **C**. 5
- D. 3.6

54. Which of the following cannot be used for measurement of time?

- A. A leaking tap
- B. Simple pendulum
- C. Shadow of an object during the day
- D. Blinking of eyes

55. Loudness of sound is determined by

- A. Pitch
- B. Frequency

- C. Amplitude
- D. Time period
- 56. The velocity of sound at 20°C is approximately
- A. 3400 m/s
- B. 340 m/s
- C. 430 m/s
- D. 304 m/s

57. The Halley's Comet is seen after every

- A. 76 months
- B. 76 years
- C. 56 months
- D. 56 years
- 58. Conduction is the method of transfer of heat in
- A. Liquids
- B. Solids
- C. Gases
- D. Vacuum
- **59.** A beggar wrapped himself with a few layers of newspaper on a cold winter night. This helped him to keep himself warm because
- A. Friction between the layers of newspaper produces heat.
- B. Air trapped between the layers of newspaper is a bad conductor of heat.
- C. Newspaper is a conductor of heat.
- D. Newspaper is at a higher temperature than the temperature of the surrounding.

60. Which small objects revolve between the orbits of Mars and Jupiter?

- A. Satellites
- B. Comets
- C. Asteroids
- D. Meteorites
- **61.** 1 kilogram weight is equal to
- A. 98 N
- B. 9.8 N
- C. 0.98 N
- D. 0.098 N
- **62.** Two boys A and B are applying force on a block. If the block moves towards the boy A, which one of the following statements is correct?
- A. Magnitude of force applied by A is greater than that of B.
- B. Magnitude of force applied by A is smaller than that of B.
- C. Net force on the block is towards B.
- D. Magnitude of force applied by A is equal to that of B.
- **63.** A book of mass 20 g is placed on a table. Find the thrust exerted by the book on the table. (Take acceleration due to gravity as 10 m/s²)
- A. 0.2 N
- в. 200 N
- c. 8 Nd. 10 N

- **64.** Jennet and Michael measured their body temperature. Jennet found hers to be 98.6°F and Michael recorded 37°C. Which of the following statement is true?
- A. (Jennet has a higher body temperature than Michael.
- B. Jennet has a lower body temperature than Michael.
- C. Both have normal body temperature.
- D. Both are suffering from fever.
- 65. Static friction is less than
- A. Sliding friction
- B. Rolling friction
- C. Both A and B
- D. None of these
- **66.** Whenever the surfaces in contact tend to move or move with respect to each other, the force of friction comes into play
- A. Only if the objects are solid.
- B. Only if one of the two objects is liquid.
- C. Only if one of the two objects is gaseous.
- D. Irrespective of whether the objects are solid, liquid, or gaseous.
- **67.** A car designer designed four cars labelled as I, II, III, and IV. The shapes of the cars are shown in given figure. On a test drive, these cars are moving with the same speed on a highway. The tank of each car is filled with the same quantity of fuel.

In covering equal distances, least fuel is consumed by car

- A. IB. IIC. IIID. IV
- **68.** In a cycling race, it is observed that a cyclist normally bends his body forward as shown in the given figure.



The cyclist bends in order to

- A. Feel comfortable
- B. Reduce his weight
- C. Reduce the air drag
- D. Increase the energy consumption
- 69. Nichrome is an alloy of
- A. Chromium
- B. Iron
- C. Nickel
- D. All of the above.

- 70. Which of the following will rise the highest in the atmosphere?
- A. Air at 10° C
- B. Air at 40° C
- C. Air at 20° CD. Air at -50° C
- 71. Which of the following is true of the 'eye' of a cyclone?
- A. It is an area of high pressure.
- B. It is an area of low pressure.
- C. It has lots of clouds and rains.
- D. It has high temperature.

72. If freezing point of ice is 32° F, then find the freezing point of ice in Kelvin.

- A. 0 K
- B. 273.15 K
- C. 272 K
- D. 373 K

B

D.

73. If we apply oil on door hinges, the friction will

- A. Increase
- B. Decrease
- C. Disappear altogether
- D. Will remain unchanged

74. Which of the following mechanical systems will produce the maximum amount of heat because of friction?

75. The given figure shows a circuit which contains two identical lamps.



When the switch is closed, which of the following statements best describes what happened to lamps P and Q?

- A. P is brighter than before, but Q does not light up.
- B. P does not light up, but Q is brighter than before.
- C. Both P and Q are brighter than before.
- D. P and Q both will not light up.
- 76. Magnet is also known as
- A. Lode stone
- B. Grey stone
- C. Black stone
- D. None of these.
- 77. The force of friction can be reduced by the help of
- A. Ball bearing
- B. Lubricants
- C. Cushion surfaces
- D. All of them
- 78. The word 'SI' in units stands for
- A. Standard International
- B. System International
- C. System Integrated
- D. Standard Integrated

79. 1 cm³ is equal to

- A. 1 x 10⁻⁹ m³
- B. 1 x 10⁻⁶ m³
- C. $1 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^3$ D. $1 \times 10^6 \text{ m}^3$

80. Frequency of oscillation is

- A. The number of oscillations per minute
- B. The number of oscillations per hour
- C. The number of oscillations per second
- D. The number of oscillations
- **81.** Afshan completed her science chapter where she wrote some statements. She wants to know whether the statements are correct or not. Afshan wants to take help from you
- A. When an object moves along a straight-line path, it is called rectilinear motion.
- B. When an object moves along a circular path, it is called circular motion.
- C. When an object turns or spins about a fixed axis, it is called rotational motion.
- D. The motion which repeats itself after regular intervals of time is called oscillatory motion.

82. A bus travels 54 kilometers in 90 minutes. The speed of the bus is

- A. 0.6 m/s
- B. 10 m/s
- C. 5.4 m/s
- D. 3.6 m/s
- **83.** The slow process of conversion of dead vegetation into coal is called
- A. Decomposition
- B. Evolution
- C. Carbonification
- D. Carbonization

- **84.** Assertion: Coal gas is a mixture of methane, hydrogen, and carbon monoxide. Reason: It is obtained when coal is burnt in excess of air.
- A. Assertion is incorrect but the reason is correct.

- B. Assertion is correct but the reason is incorrect.
- C. Both assertion and reason are correct, but the reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- D. Both assertion and reason are correct, and the reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- **85.** The process of transferring of heat without any contact between the source of heat and the heated object is called
- A. Conduction
- B. Convection
- C. Radiation
- D. Induction
- **86.** Ruth and Ara measured their body temperature. Ruth found his to be 98.6° F and Ara recorded 37° C. Which of the following statements is true?
- A. Ruth has a higher body temperature than Ara.
- B. Ruth has a lower body temperature than Ara.
- C. Both have normal body temperature.
- D. Both are suffering from fever.
- **87.** The suspended particles released by combustion of coal in air may lead to a health disease. Which of the following is the diseased caused by it?
- A. Goiter
- B. Arthritis
- C. Asthma
- D. Bone cancer

88. What is the main chemical component present in striking surface of a matchbox?

- A. Potassium chlorate
- B. Phosphorus
- C. Potassium
- D. Graphite
- **89.** A rocket has been fired upwards to launch a satellite in its orbit. Name the two forces acting on the rocket immediately after leaving the launching pad.
- A. Frictional force and force of gravity
- B. Force of gravity and nuclear force
- C. Force of gravity and electrical force
- D. None of these.
- 90. Which one of the following forces is a contact force?
- A. Force of gravity
- B. Force of friction
- C. Magnetic force
- D. Electrostatic force
- 91. Electromagnets usually have a core of
- A. Aluminum
- B. Alnico
- C. Gold
- D. None of these.

- 92. Cyan, yellow, and magenta are
- A. Primary colors
- B. White colors
- C. Secondary colors
- D. Tertiary colors
- 93. A snail crawls at the speed of
- A. 1.7 m/s
- B. 0.03 m/s
- C. 25 m/s
- D. 10 m/s

94. The name of the physicist who discovered the nucleus of atom was

- A. Democritus
- B. John Dalton
- C. Ernest Rutherford
- D. Vander Waals

95. When "Uranium-238" is bombarded with neutrons, it produces

- A. Heat
- B. Electricity
- C. Nuclear energy
- D. Light
- 96. The denser the liquid, the
- A. Slower the speed of sound
- B. Faster the speed of sound
- C. More distance covered by sound
- D. Less distance covered by sound
- 97. The SI unit of calorific value of a fuel is
- A. N/kg
- B. kJ/kg
- C. kW/kg
- D. J/kg
- 98. 1800 milligram is equal to how many grams?
- A. 1.8
- B. 180
- C. 0.18
- D. 0.0018
- 99. A bicycle has a speed of 6 m/s. What is its speed in km/h?
- A. 21.6
- B. 16.67
- C. 2.16 D. 1.67
- **100.** A disused railway line has a length of 300 meters. A man puts his ear against one end of the rail and another man hits the other end with a metal hammer as shown in the figure below.



COPERNICUS OLYMPIAD Physics and Astronomy Category 1 - Sample Questions ANSWER KEY

No	Answer	0	No	Answer	\mathbf{X}	No	Answer	1/5	No	Answe
1	А		26	С		51	А		76	А
2	D		27	А		52	С		77	D
3	А		28	А		53	В		78	В
4	С		29	D	X	54	D		79	В
5	А		30	А		55	С		80	С
6	С		31	D		56	В		81	D
7	D		32	С		57	В		82	В
8	А		33	D		58	В		83	D
9	D		34	А		59	В		84	В
10	А		35	В		60	С		85	С
11	D		36	А		61	В		86	С
12	В		37	В		62	В		87	С
13	А		38	В		63	А		88	В
14	В		39	В		64	С		89	А
15	А		40	С		65	D		90	В
16	Series		41	В		66	D		91	D
	circuit									
17	С		42	С	4	67	С		92	С
18	А		43	В		68	С		93	В
19	С		44	С	V	69	D		94	С
20	С		45	А		70	В		95	С
21	С		46	A		71	В		96	В
22	С		47	С		72	В		97	D
23	В		48	D		73	В		98	А
24	С		49	А		74	А		99	А
25	С	THE	50	А		75	С	9	100	344 m/s